

**TEST BOOKLET**

परीक्षा-पुस्तिका

101057

**1HCPA**

Test Booklet No.

परीक्षा-पुस्तिका संख्या

(This Test Booklet contains UNATTACHED OMR Answer-sheet inside.) **TIME : 2 Hours 15 Minutes**  
 (इस परीक्षा-पुस्तिका के अन्दर असंलग्नित ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक रखा हुआ है ।) **समय : 2 घंटा 15 मिनट**

**No. of Questions : 100****कुल प्रश्न : 100**

1. Candidate's Name : .....  
 (परीक्षार्थी का नाम)

2. Candidate's Full Sig. : .....  
 (परीक्षार्थी का पूरा हस्ताक्षर)

3. Roll No. (Fill in digits and words as shown in the Example) :

रोल नं. [उदाहरण (निर्देश संख्या 2) में दिखाए गये अनुसार अपने रोल नम्बर को अंकों तथा शब्दों में भरें]


4. Exam. Centre : .....  
 (परीक्षा केन्द्र)

5. Exam Centre Code : 

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 (परीक्षा केन्द्र का कोड)

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

(परीक्षार्थियों के लिये निर्देश)

**(A) General (सामान्य) :**

1. This Booklet contains 12 Pages (apart from the OMR answer-sheet). As soon as the booklet is distributed, Examinees are directed to confirm the number of pages, legibility of printing etc. They must also confirm that the Bar Code is printed in such a way that its one portion is printed on part-1 of the answer-sheet and the remaining portion is printed on part-2 of the answer-sheet. No complain will be entertained for exchange of booklet later than 10 minutes after distribution.

इस परीक्षा-पुस्तिका में ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक के अतिरिक्त 12 पृष्ठ हैं। जैसे ही यह पुस्तिका वितरित की जाती है वैसे ही प्रत्येक परीक्षार्थी को चाहिये कि वह इसके पृष्ठों की संख्या और छपाई की शुद्धता आदि की सम्यक् जाँच कर ले। प्रत्येक परीक्षार्थी को यह भी सुनिश्चित कर लेना चाहिये कि उत्तर-पत्रक पर "बार कोड" इस प्रकार छपा है कि इसका एक हिस्सा उत्तर-पत्रक के पार्ट-1 पर और बाकी हिस्सा उत्तर-पत्रक के पार्ट-2 पर पड़े। बँटने के दस मिनट के बाद परीक्षा-पुस्तिका को बदलने के लिये कोई शिकायत स्वीकार नहीं की जायेगी।

2. Candidate must check that the no. printed on his OMR Answer Sheet and Question Booklet is same. In any discrepancy change the question booklet set (alongwith OMR Sheet) failing which his OMR Sheet will be rejected for evaluation.

यह निश्चित रूप से जाँच लें कि आपकी प्रश्न पुस्तिका का नंबर तथा OMR Part-1 पर छपा नंबर एक ही है। अंतर की स्थिति में तुरंत नये उत्तर-पुस्तिका की मांग करें। अन्यथा आपका उत्तर-पत्रक अस्वीकृत किया जा सकता है।



Continued on inside cover page.

(अंतरण पृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले भाग पर देखें।)

3. Roll No. should be written in digits as well as in words in the appropriate Box provided at serial-3 above on the upper portion of the front cover page of this Test Booklet as per the example given below :

परीक्षा-पुस्तिका के मुख पृष्ठ के ऊपरी भाग के क्रम 3 में बनाये गये सम्बन्धित बॉक्स में नीचे दिये गये उदाहरण के अनुसार रोल नम्बर को अंकों तथा शब्दों में लिखना है :

**Example (उदाहरण) : Roll No. (रोल नं.) : 1796842**

1	7	9	6	8	4	2
O	S	N	S	E	F	T
N	E	I	I	I	O	W
E	V	N	X	G	U	O
	E	E		H	R	
	N			T		

4. There are 100 (One hundred) questions all of which are compulsory. The questions asked are of Graduate Level and based on English, General Knowledge / General Studies, Mathematics and Hindi.  
इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका में कुल 100 (एक सौ) प्रश्न पूछे गये हैं, जो अंग्रेजी, सामान्य ज्ञान / सामान्य अध्ययन, गणित एवं हिन्दी से संबंधित हैं। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। परीक्षा का स्तर स्नातक स्तरीय होगा।
5. Each Question is of one mark, which will be awarded for the correct answer. For incorrect answer, no marks will be deducted from the total marks obtained and Zero mark will be given for incorrect questions and for questions not answered. More than one Answer indicated against a Question will be declared as incorrect Answer.  
प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिये एक अंक निर्धारित है जिन्हें सही उत्तर के लिये दिया जायेगा। गलत उत्तर के लिए कोई अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से नहीं काटा जायेगा। जिस प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं दिया जायेगा उसके लिये शून्य अंक दिया जायेगा। यदि एक प्रश्न के लिये एक से अधिक उत्तर दिये जायेंगे तो उन सभी को उस प्रश्न के लिये गलत उत्तर माना जायेगा।  
Use of Calculator/Slide Rule/Log Table/Graph Paper/Charts or any electronic gadget eg. Mobile Phone, Bluetooth, Pager etc., is not allowed.  
कैलकुलेटर/स्लाइड रूल/लॉग टेबुल/ग्राफ पेपर/चार्ट्स या किसी प्रकार के इलेक्ट्रॉनिक उपकरण यथा मोबाइल फोन, ब्लूटूथ, पेजर आदि का उपयोग वर्जित है।  
Any candidate attempting or using unfair means or copying or detaching any page of question booklet or marking the answer on the question booklet will be expelled and his candidature will be rejected.  
यदि कोई परीक्षार्थी नकल करते, गलत तरीके अपनाते, परीक्षा-पुस्तिका का पृष्ठ फाड़ते या उस पर उत्तर लिखते पाया जायेगा तो उसे परीक्षा से निष्कासित कर दिया जायेगा और उसकी उम्मीदवारी रद्द कर दी जायेगी।
8. Candidates must also follow the instructions, which may be given by the Centre Superintendent from time to time.  
परीक्षा केन्द्र के केन्द्राधीक्षक द्वारा समय-समय पर दिये गये निर्देशों का सभी परीक्षार्थियों को पालन करना होगा।
9. ADDITIONAL BOOKLET/ANSWER-SHEET WILL NOT BE PROVIDED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES OTHER THAN THAT MENTIONED IN 1 ABOVE.  
क्रम 1 में वर्णित परीक्षा-पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर-पत्रक के अतिरिक्त अलग से कोई अन्य परीक्षा-पुस्तिका और उत्तर-पत्रक किसी भी परिस्थिति में नहीं दिया जायेगा।
10. CANDIDATES MUST SUBMIT THE WHOLE BOOKLET ALONGWITH THE OMR ANSWER-SHEET AT THE END OF EXAMINATION.  
परीक्षा की समाप्ति पर उत्तर-पत्रक के साथ पूरी परीक्षा-पुस्तिका जमा कर देनी है।

**(B) Process for Filling up Part-1 of Answer-Sheet (उत्तर-पत्रक पार्ट-1 को भरने की प्रक्रिया) :**

1. ANSWER-SHEET IS OF OMR TYPE TO BE READ BY COMPUTER SCANNER.

उत्तर-पत्रक ओ.एम.आर. प्रकार का है जिसे कंप्यूटर स्कैनर द्वारा पढ़ा जाना है।

Continued on the inside of the back cover page.  
(पीछे के आवरण पृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले भाग पर देखें।)

Space For Rough Work / कच्चे काम के लिए जगह

Registrar General  
Patna High Court, Patna

28/5/16  
Registrar General  
Patna High Court, Patna



In each of the following sentences, a proverb is highlighted. Select the alternative which best describe its use in the sentence. (Q. Nos. 1 - 5)

1. In the last budget, the government **brought forward** a new scheme of taxation.  
(A) Prioritised (B) Displayed  
(C) Notified (D) Introduced
2. The sales of the company are increasing **by leaps and bounds**.  
(A) As proposed  
(B) In calculated ways  
(C) Very slowly  
(D) Far lesser than expected
3. The police made considerable **headway** in sorting the papers.  
(A) Progress (B) Movement  
(C) Action (D) Measurement
4. The kind old woman received the stranger **with open arms**.  
(A) With her arms free  
(B) With warmth  
(C) With restraint  
(D) With gratitude

My friend ran off **helter-skelter** down the slope.

- (A) Unknowingly  
(B) With minimum speed  
(C) Purposefully  
(D) Hurriedly and in confusion.

6. Find the misspelt word.  
(A) Prioratise (B) Picturise  
(C) Visualise (D) Individualise
7. Find the misspelt word.  
(A) Mendacious (B) Obnoxious  
(C) Pernicious (D) Ferocious
8. Find the misspelt word.  
(A) Pennetrate (B) Irritate  
(C) Hesitate (D) Perforate
9. Find the misspelt word.  
(A) Passageway (B) Causeway  
(C) Subway (D) Straightway



10. Find the misspelt word.  
(A) Temperature (B) Temperament  
(C) Tempastuous (D) Temptation
11. We \_\_\_\_\_ respect our parents and teachers.  
(A) may have to (B) will  
(C) shall (D) ought to
12. We are highly disappointed \_\_\_\_\_ exam results.  
(A) about (B) from  
(C) in (D) with
13. Let us sit down \_\_\_\_\_ the shade of a tree for some time.  
(A) inside (B) below  
(C) in (D) on
14. Mother had prepared 20 biscuits, Rani ate all of them. Therefore, mother called her a \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Digester (B) Goader  
(C) Needy (D) Glutton
15. You are fortunate \_\_\_\_\_ having an intelligent and obedient son.  
(A) to (B) with  
(C) of (D) in

In the following question, some of the sentences have errors and some have none. Find out which part of a sentence have error. The number of that part is your answer. If your answer is (D) i.e. there is no error. (Q. Nos. 16-20)

16. He is a university professor (A)/ but of his three sons (B)/ neither has any merit. (C)/ No error (D)
17. After knowing truth (A)/ they took the right decision (B)/ in the matter. (C)/ No error (D)
18. It is time you (A)/ decide on your next (B)/ course of action. (C)/ No error (D)
19. He who has suffered most (A)/ for the cause. (B)/ let him speak. (C)/ No error (D).
20. A cup of coffee (A)/ is an excellent complement. (B)/ to smoked salmon. (C) No error (D)

21. Select the word opposite in meaning to "Candid".

- (A) Outspoken (B) Frank  
(C) Devious (D) Disguised

22. Select the word which can be substituted for "One who walks in sleep".

- (A) Somniloquist (B) Egoist  
(C) Somnambulist (D) Altruist

23. Select the word opposite in meaning to "facilitate".

- (A) Help (B) Propagate  
(C) Hinder (D) Reject

24. Select the word which can be substituted for "A specialist who tests eyesight".

- (A) Optician (B) Ophthalmologist  
(C) Ichthyologist (D) Neurologist

25. Select the word opposite in meaning to "Affirm".

- (A) Refuse (B) Negate  
(C) Neglect (D) Avoid

Read the passage and answer the following question.

In the past 50 years, doctors across the world have accepted the practice to prescribe antibiotics at the first sign of a trivial infection or treat patients with a handful of antibiotics. These days it is not uncommon to see practitioners prescribing multiple antibiotics without any real indication or relevance for such a combination of drugs. Antibiotics have traditionally been known as miracle drugs, but there is growing evidence that they are overworked miracles, especially in countries like ours where there is easy access to drugs across the counters including antibiotics. We cannot think of a return to pre-antibiotic days. Yet the unbridled use of these agents is inexorably propelling us in that direction. (Q. Nos. 26 - 30)

26. Antibiotics are called "overworked miracles" because

- (A) they perform miracles.  
(B) they are hardly used.  
(C) they are over-used.  
(D) they exhausted their miracles.

27. We cannot think of a return to "pre-antibiotic days" means

- (A) Antibiotics became indispensable  
(B) We must go back to pre-antibiotic days  
(C) We cannot stop using antibiotics  
(D) We can stop using antibiotics

28. The passage tells us that

- (A) The antibiotics work miracles  
(B) The antibiotics are available at the counters  
(C) The use of antibiotics is uncontrollable  
(D) Antibiotics are used indiscriminately

29. The passage discusses the use of

- (A) The drugs in general  
(B) Miracle drugs  
(C) Antibiotics  
(D) Combination of different drugs

30. "These days it is not uncommon to prescribe antibiotics" means

- (A) It is rare to prescribe antibiotics.  
(B) It is a common practice antibiotics.  
(C) It is not a common practice to prescribe antibiotics.  
(D) It is compulsory to prescribe antibiotics.

31. Where did Aurangzeb died ?

- (A) Ahmednagar (B) Aurangabad  
(C) Allahabad (D) Lahore

32. The deepest ocean of the world is

- (A) Atlantic ocean (B) Arctic ocean  
(C) Indian ocean (D) Pacific ocean

33. Which of the following article of the Indian Constitution abolished the practice of untouchability ?

- (A) Article 14 (B) Article 18  
(C) Article 17 (D) Article 19

34. RBI does not transact the business of which of the following state governments ?

- (A) Nagaland (B) Assam  
(C) J & K (D) Rajasthan

35. The Preamble of Indian Constitution was for the first time amended by the

- (A) 24<sup>th</sup> amendment  
(B) 42<sup>nd</sup> amendment  
(C) 44<sup>th</sup> amendment  
(D) None of the above

36. Jahangir Khan is famous in which sports ?  
 (A) Boxing (B) Squash  
 (C) Hockey (D) Cricket
37. The UN flag was adopted by the General Assembly on  
 (A) October 20, 1947  
 (B) January 1, 1952  
 (C) June 24, 1973  
 (D) August 15, 1982
38. The system of Judicial Review originated in  
 (A) India (B) Germany  
 (C) Russia (D) U.S.A
39. Where is the Bandipur National Park ?  
 (A) Rajasthan  
 (B) Andhra Pradesh  
 (C) Karnataka  
 (D) Assam
40. The maximum permissible gap between two sessions of Parliament is  
 (A) 3 months (B) 4 months  
 (C) 5 months (D) 6 months
41. Which of the following Indian states first adopted the 3-tier Panchayati Raj System ?  
 (A) Bihar  
 (B) Uttar Pradesh  
 (C) Rajasthan  
 (D) Madhya Pradesh
42. In the third Battle of Panipat, the Marathas were defeated by  
 (A) The Afghans (B) The Mughals  
 (C) The English (D) The French
43. Which of the following non-members of Parliament has the right to address it ?  
 (A) Attorney General of India  
 (B) Solicitor General of India  
 (C) Chief Justice of India  
 (D) Chief Election Commissioner
44. The Jawahar Tunnel, the largest in India is located in  
 (A) Himachal Pradesh  
 (B) Rajasthan  
 (C) West Bengal  
 (D) Jammu & Kashmir
45. What inspired the paintings of Ajanta ?  
 (A) Compassionate Buddha  
 (B) Radha-Krishan Leela  
 (C) Jain Thirthankaras  
 (D) Mahabharata Encounters
46. A passenger standing in a bus is thrown outward when the bus takes a sudden turn. This happens due to  
 (A) Outward pull on him  
 (B) Inertia of motion  
 (C) Change in momentum  
 (D) Change in acceleration
47. The Simon Commission was formed to review  
 (A) Legislatures in India  
 (B) Fitness of India for further reforms  
 (C) The position of the viceroy  
 (D) A Constitution for India
48. Which is the latest satellite of India placed in the geosynchronous orbit ?  
 (A) INSAT-2D  
 (B) INSAT-3A  
 (C) INSAT-4A  
 (D) Kalpana
49. During emergency, imposed under Article 352, which of the following provisions stands suspended ?  
 (A) Directive Principles of State Policy  
 (B) Amendment Procedures  
 (C) Fundamental Rights  
 (D) Judicial Review



50. Which was the first talkie feature film of India ?  
 (A) Raja Harishchandra  
 (B) Alam Ara  
 (C) Duniya na Mane  
 (D) Aadami
51. Which constitutional provision enables the Central Government to provide reservations in jobs and educational institutions for the weaker sections of the society ?  
 (A) Section 14  
 (B) Section 16  
 (C) Section 46  
 (D) Section 19
52. Which one of the following currencies has the highest value in terms of rupee ?  
 (A) Pound  
 (B) Dollar  
 (C) Euro  
 (D) Saudi Rial
53. Which of the following gases is present under pressure in soft drinks ?  
 (A) Oxygen (B) Nitrogen  
 (C) Carbon dioxide (D) Nitrous oxide
54. Typhoid fever is caused by  
 (A) Virus (B) Bacteria  
 (C) Fungus (D) Allergy
55. What is the playing time of full version of the Indian National Anthem ?  
 (A) 47 seconds (B) 50 seconds  
 (C) 52 seconds (D) 60 seconds
56. Which of the following events made the English East India Company the legitimate masters of the Bengal Suba ?  
 (A) Battle of Buxar, 1764  
 (B) Battle of Plassey, 1757  
 (C) Farrukhsiyar's Farman, 1717  
 (D) Ibrahim Khan's Farman, 1690
57. Which one of the following has the highest wind velocity ?  
 (A) Typhoon (B) Hurricane  
 (C) Cyclone (D) Tornado
58. What is the age upto which children are prohibited from employment in any factory/ mines/ hazardous work ?  
 (A) 10 years (B) 12 years  
 (C) 14 years (D) 16 years
59. When too much money is chasing too few goods, the situation is  
 (A) Deflation (B) Inflation  
 (C) Recession (D) Stagflation
60. The crops grown after the summer monsoon are called  
 (A) Kharif (B) Rabi  
 (C) Annual (D) Seasonal
61.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of  $\frac{5}{6}$  of  $\frac{7}{10}$  of 1664 = ?  
 (A) 648 (B) 762  
 (C) 612 (D) 728
62. The cost of 12 cabinets and 16 dressers is ₹ 18,936. What is the cost of 9 cabinets and 12 dressers ?  
 (A) ₹ 25,248 (B) ₹ 12,624  
 (C) ₹ 14,202 (D) ₹ 16,832
63. A canteen requires 84 kgs of wheat for 7 days. How much kgs of wheat will it require for the months of May and June ?  
 (A) 716 kgs (B) 732 kgs  
 (C) 748 kgs (D) 764 kgs
64. Suresh consumes 450 ml of milk every day. How many litres of milk will he consume in two weeks ?  
 (A) 0.63 litres (B) 6.7 litres  
 (C) 12.3 litres (D) 6.3 litres
65. ? of  $650 + 844 = 1000$   
 (A) 54 (B) 24  
 (C) 34 (D) 14

66. Six boys can complete a piece of work in 42 hours. In how many hours will 14 boys complete the same piece of work ?  
 (A) 18 (B) 16  
 (C) 12 (D) 14

67. A truck covers a certain distance in 12 hours at the speed of 70 km/hr. What is the average speed of a car which travels a distance of 120 km more than the truck in the same time ?  
 (A) 56 km/hr (B) 75 km/hr  
 (C) 80 km/hr (D) 78 km/hr

68. Find the missing number if the average of all the eight numbers is 474.  
 533, 128, 429, 225, \_\_, 305, 601, 804  
 (A) 767 (B) 781  
 (C) 776 (D) 758

69. At present, Tarun is twice the age of Vishal and half the age of Tanvi. After four years, Tarun will be 1.5 times Vishal's age and Tanvi will be 2.5 times of Vishal's age. What is Tanvi's present age ?  
 (A) 12 years (B) 8 years  
 (C) 20 years (D) 16 years

70. Prashant incurred a loss of 75% on selling an article for ₹ 6,800. What was the cost price of the article ?  
 (A) ₹ 27,200 (B) ₹ 25,600  
 (C) ₹ 21,250 (D) ₹ 29,000

71. ₹ 58,750 amounts to ₹ 79,900 in four years at simple interest. What is the rate of interest paid ?  
 (A) 14 (B) 9  
 (C) 12 (D) 16

72. How much part of a day is 45 minutes ?  
 (A)  $\frac{1}{42}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{24}$   
 (C)  $\frac{1}{32}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{48}$

73. Value of  $\pi$  is  
 (A) 2.14 (B) 3.14  
 (C) 4.14 (D) 1.14

74. Mita's income is 25% more than that of Sita. What percent is Sita's income less than that of Mita ?  
 (A) 25 (B) 24  
 (C)  $22\frac{1}{2}$  (D) 20

75. 0.003 is equivalent to  
 (A) 3% (B) 0.3%  
 (C) 0.03% (D) 0.003%

76. The ratio of cost price and selling price of an article is 20: 21. The gain percent is  
 (A) 3 (B) 4  
 (C) 5 (D) 6

77.  $(5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 + \dots + 10^2)$  is equal to  
 (A) 330 (B) 345  
 (C) 355 (D) 360

78. The average age of 9 students and their teacher is 16 years. The average age of the first four students is 19 years and that of the last five is 10 years. The teacher's age is  
 (A) 36 years (B) 34 years  
 (C) 30 years (D) 28 years

79. In an examination, a student had to obtain 33% of the maximum marks to pass. He got 125 marks and failed by 40 marks. The maximum marks were  
 (A) 500 (B) 600  
 (C) 800 (D) 1000

80. The price of cooking oil has increased by 25%. The percentage of reduction that a family should effect in the use of cooking oil, so as not to increase the expenditure in this account, is  
 (A) 15% (B) 20%  
 (C) 25% (D) 30%



81. रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए :  
साहित्य जीवन की \_\_\_\_\_ है ।  
(A) अभिव्यक्ति (B) अतिवृष्टि  
(C) अभिवृक्ति (D) अनावृष्टि
82. जो अच्छे कुल में पैदा हुआ, कहलाता है  
(A) कुलीन (B) संस्कारी  
(C) सर्वज्ञ (D) बहुज्ञ
83. 'सभा' कौन सी संज्ञा है ?  
(A) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा  
(B) समूहवाचक संज्ञा  
(C) द्रव्यवाचक संज्ञा  
(D) जातिवाचक संज्ञा
84. उस वाक्य का चयन करें, जो अशुद्ध हो -  
(A) गीता सबसे श्रेष्ठतम ग्रंथ है ।  
(B) दूध में क्या पड़ गया ।  
(C) वहाँ पहुँचने की व्यवस्था करें ।  
(D) मन्त्रों का सही उच्चारण करो ।
85. 'उत्कृष्ट' शब्द का विलोम है  
(A) अपकृष्ट (B) व्यर्थ  
(C) निकृष्ट (D) विकराल
86. व्याकरण की दृष्टि से 'प्रेम' शब्द क्या है ?  
(A) क्रिया (B) विशेषण  
(C) अव्यय (D) भाववाचक संज्ञा
87. 'नीरोग' का संधि-विच्छेद है :  
(A) नीः + रोग (B) निः + रोग  
(C) नीर + रोग (D) निर + रोग
88. अशुद्ध शब्द छाँटिए :  
(A) आज्ञाकारी (B) आज्ञाकारिणी  
(C) आज्ञा (D) आज्ञाकारीणी
89. 'दूध का दूध पानी का पानी' का अर्थ है  
(A) दूध और पानी अलग करना  
(B) अन्याय नहीं करना  
(C) निरपेक्ष न्याय करना  
(D) दूध में पानी मिलाना
90. 'जो सोएगा वो खोएगा' में सर्वनाम है  
(A) पुरुषवाचक सर्वनाम  
(B) मध्यम पुरुष सर्वनाम  
(C) निजवाचक सर्वनाम  
(D) संबंधवाचक सर्वनाम

91. किस शब्द में संज्ञा से विशेषण नहीं बना है ?  
(A) गुलाबी (B) गरीबी  
(C) रसीला (D) भूखा
92. निम्न में किसमें अनुस्वार का प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है ?  
(A) गंगा (B) चंचल  
(C) ठंडा (D) नहीं
93. शब्दकोष में सही शब्द-क्रम चुनिए :  
(A) नलिनी, मलिन, नीलम  
(B) पवन, पंकज, पंच  
(C) कंगन, कपड़ा, क्षत्रिय  
(D) कागज, कोचीन, कुर्ता
94. 'सत्य बोलो परंतु कटु सत्य न बोलो' है  
(A) मिश्रवाक्य (B) संयुक्त वाक्य  
(C) सरल वाक्य (D) उपवाक्य
95. माला फेरत जुग भया, फिरा न मन का फेर ।  
कर का मन का डार दे, मन का मनका फेर ॥  
इस दोहे के कवि हैं -  
(A) रहीम (B) कबीर  
(C) तुलसीदास (D) सूरदास
96. 'कुसुम' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है  
(A) कमल (B) फूल  
(C) पुष्प (D) प्रसून
97. रिक्त स्थान भरें :  
रूठे सुजन मनाइये जो रूठे \_\_\_\_\_  
रहिमन फिर फिर पोइये टूटे मुक्ताहार ।  
(A) एक बार (B) दस बार  
(C) सौ बार (D) हजार बार
98. 'राजन' का स्त्रीलिंग है :  
(A) रानी (B) राज्ञी  
(C) राजनी (D) राजिन
99. "नौका झील में डूब गई" रेखांकित पद में कारक है  
(A) अधिकरण (B) कर्म  
(C) अपादान (D) करण
100. 'कस्तूरी' शब्द (Gender) है  
(A) पुल्लिङ्ग (B) स्त्रीलिंग  
(C) उभयलिंग (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं